COVID-19 Critical Intelligence Unit

Daily evidence digest

24 April 2020

The daily evidence digest collates recently released reports and evidence – provision of these links does not imply endorsement nor recommendation.

Modelling, epidemiology, suicide risk, preventing hospital admissions

Peer reviewed journals feature:

- A modelling study on the effect of changing case definitions for COVID-19 on the epidemic curve and transmission parameters in mainland China <u>here</u>
- Epidemiological and serological investigation for connecting clusters and identifying convalescent COVID-19 cases <u>here</u>
- A systematic review on Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome Coronavirus 2 (SARS-CoV-2) infection in children and adolescents <u>here</u>
- A protocol to manage high clinical suspicion COVID-19 in-patients with negative RT-PCR: a pragmatic and limited role for thoracic CT <u>here</u> (Figure 1)
- Cross sectional study on temperature and sickness surveillance systems for staff working in COVID-19 areas <u>here</u>
- A report on COVID-19 transmission in GI endoscopy here
- A commentary on suicide risk and prevention during the COVID-19 pandemic here
- An overview of national regulatory authorities' recommendations of 27 countries on extended use or reuse of N95 respirators during COVID-19 pandemic, with some conflicting advice <u>here</u>
- Research letters focused on:
 - The estimation of case-fatality risk in real time here
 - o The experience of managing a tertiary-level NICU in a high-risk COVID zone here
 - o Hospital-based use of thrombo-prophylaxis in patients with COVID-19 here
 - The importance of including ethnicity in COVID-19 minimum dataset here

A pre-peer review article focused on the development and validation of an early warning score (EWAS) for predicting clinical deterioration in patients with COVID-19 <u>here</u>

The Centre for Evidence Based Medicine released reviews on: which conditions to prioritise in the primary care setting to reduce non-COVID-related admissions to hospital <u>here</u>; and available prognostic clinical risk prediction scores for COVID-19 for use in the community setting <u>here</u>

New guidance focuses on:

- Rationalising early pregnancy services in the evolving COVID-19 pandemic here
- Remote Verification of Expected Death (VoED) Out of Hospital from RCGP here
- Regulatory advice from TGA on ventilators and other devices intended for respiratory support for COVID-19 <u>here</u>
- A CDC statement on precautions around pets <u>here</u>
- Updated guidance for homeless service providers to plan and respond to COVID-19 here



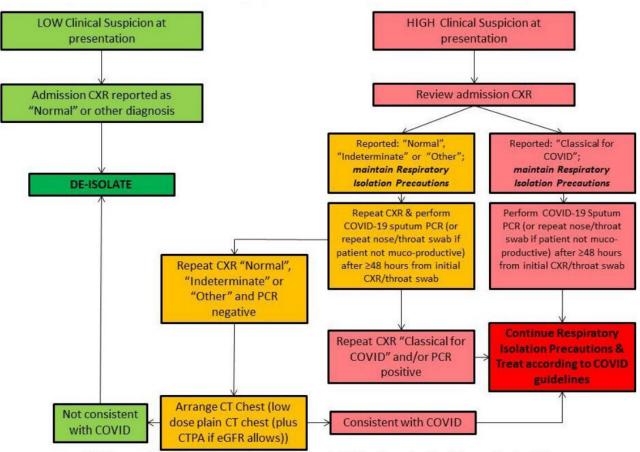
Twitter activity

Deaths in care homes in the UK has been a subject of discussion over the past week. Today, discussion focused on a news article from @bmj_latest <u>here</u> and @ONS statistics.

There is also increased activity around research waste during COVID-19 with publication of an opinion piece in @bmj_latest here and traffic on #infodemic.

Two pre-print papers are circulating on Twitter: 1) saliva is sensitive for SARS-CoV-2 detection in patients with COVID-19 <u>here</u>; 2) the Singapore journey From SARS to COVID-19 <u>here</u>

Figure 1:Proposed infection control management of inpatients with a negative initial COVID-19 nose/throat swab RT-PCR.



** Please note – this pathway does not advocate PCR testing after the 2nd negative test **

Source: Tavare et al, 2020



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